

# Driehaus US SMID Cap Equity Fund

## Q2 2025 Commentary

### Portfolio Management



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*Opinions expressed whether in general or in both on the performance of individual investments and in a wider economic context represent the views of the contributor at the time of preparation.*

The **Driehaus US SMID Cap Equity Fund** (the “Fund”) is a sub-fund of Heptagon Fund ICAV which is an open-ended umbrella type investment vehicle authorised pursuant to UCITS regulations. Heptagon Capital Limited (“Heptagon”) is the Investment Manager and Driehaus Capital Management LLC (“Driehaus”) is the Sub-Investment Manager meaning Driehaus exercises discretionary investment authority over the Fund. Since the Fund has a relatively short time period, the following commentary makes extensive reference to the Driehaus Small/Mid Cap Growth Strategy to provide a better understanding of how the team has managed this strategy over a longer time period. The Fund was launched on 9<sup>th</sup> December 2024 and had an AUM of USD 171m as of 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025. During the second quarter of 2025, the Fund outperformed its benchmark, the Russell 2500 Growth Index NR USD (the “Index”), returning 15.2% (C USD share class) compared to 11.3% for the Index.

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long-term capital growth. The Fund’s Sub-Investment Manager, Driehaus Capital Management LLC, is a privately-held boutique asset management firm located in Chicago, USA. The firm was founded in 1982 and has USD 21.4 billion of assets under management.

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### Market Overview

The U.S. equity market began the June quarter in a bear market as President Trump’s tariffs caused severe stress in investor sentiment and raised concern of a major economic and earnings slowdown. The equity market declined sharply from mid-February to early April. Investors were stunned by the extremely high reciprocal tariff rates and the scope of the tariffs (on nearly every country) announced by Trump on April 2<sup>nd</sup>, so-called Liberation Day. The extreme selling accelerated from April 2<sup>nd</sup> as the odds of a U.S. recession increased substantially. As the bond market reacted negatively and long-term treasury yields began to rise, Trump blinked and announced a 90-day pause of the reciprocal tariff rates on April 9<sup>th</sup>. This ignited a sharp rally for the U.S. equity market as widespread relief set in as the worst-case scenario was avoided (the expiration date for the 90-day pause has now been pushed out to August 1<sup>st</sup>). The following chart in Exhibit 1 is a brief timeline of the first half of the year’s wild ride:

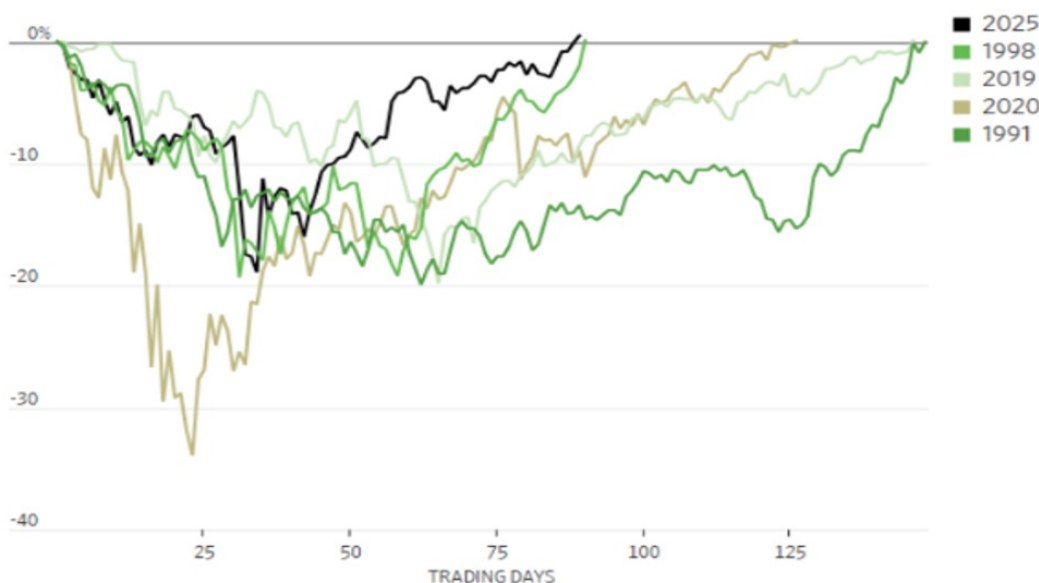
Exhibit 1: Tariffs Drive Wild First Half Ride in US stocks



Source: Bloomberg

The rally that began on April 9<sup>th</sup> was historic. It was the fastest recovery following a decline of at least 15% for the S&P 500 in decades, as shown in Exhibit 2.

Exhibit 2: S&P 500's quickest recoveries to records following a decline of at least 15%



Source: Dow Jones Market Data

It was also significant as the widely followed contrarian index, the VIX (the CBOE Volatility Index), finished above 50 and briefly touched 60 for only the third time ever. The prior two times were historic and occurred during periods of extreme market stress: (1) the GFC (the Great Financial Crisis) and (2) near the Covid market low in the spring of 2020. In both prior instances, as the VIX peaked and importantly then declined, the market made major historic bottoms. Looking at a variety of other additional technical indicators, including sentiment, breadth, and volume indicators, they also suggest the April 9<sup>th</sup> low could be an important market low historically.

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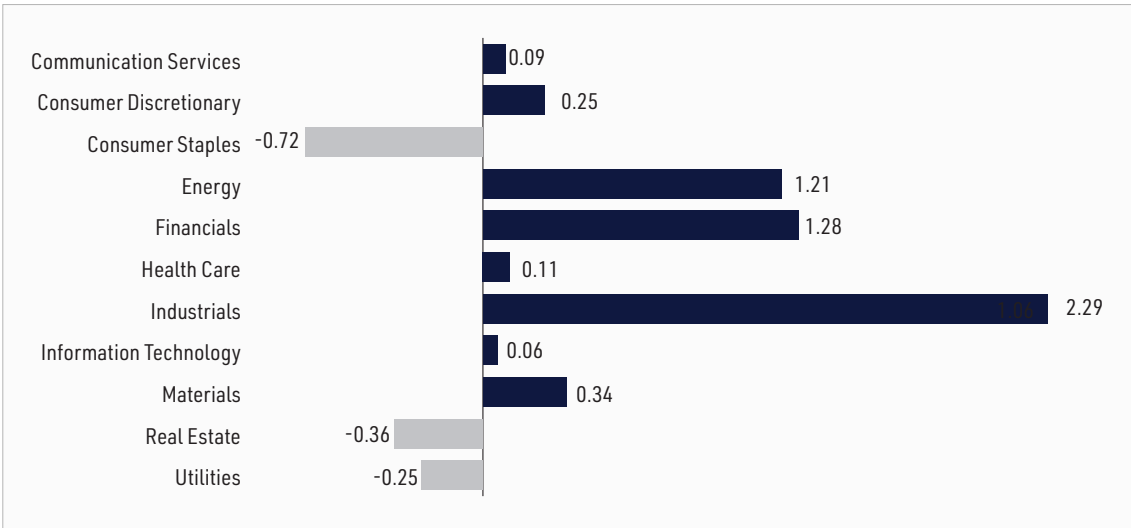
Performance Review

The Driehaus US SMID Cap Equity Fund outperformed its benchmark by 391 basis points for the June quarter. The Fund appreciated 15.2% versus a gain of 11.3% for the Russell 2500 Growth, 8.5% for the Russell 2500, and 10.9% for the S&P 500 for the quarter. The Russell 2500 Growth index bounced back sharply following Trump’s 90-day pushout of the reciprocal tariffs on April 9<sup>th</sup> and from that market low gained 26.7% through the end of the June quarter.

*The performance data below represents the strategy’s composite of small cap growth accounts managed by Driehaus Capital Management LLC (DCM). These returns are estimated for the period, as the underlying accounts’ data has yet to be reconciled with the custodian bank. Net-of-fee returns reflect the deduction of advisory fees and, in some instances, other fees and expenses such as administrative and custodian fees, while the gross of fee returns do not. Both figures are net of brokerage commissions charged to the accounts and reflect the reinvestment of income and other earnings. The performance data shown below represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted.*

From a sector perspective, the top two contributing sectors on a relative basis for the quarter were Industrials and Financials. The bottom two performing sectors on a relative basis for the June quarter were Consumer Staples and Real Estate.

Exhibit 3: Sector Attribution Relative to Benchmark

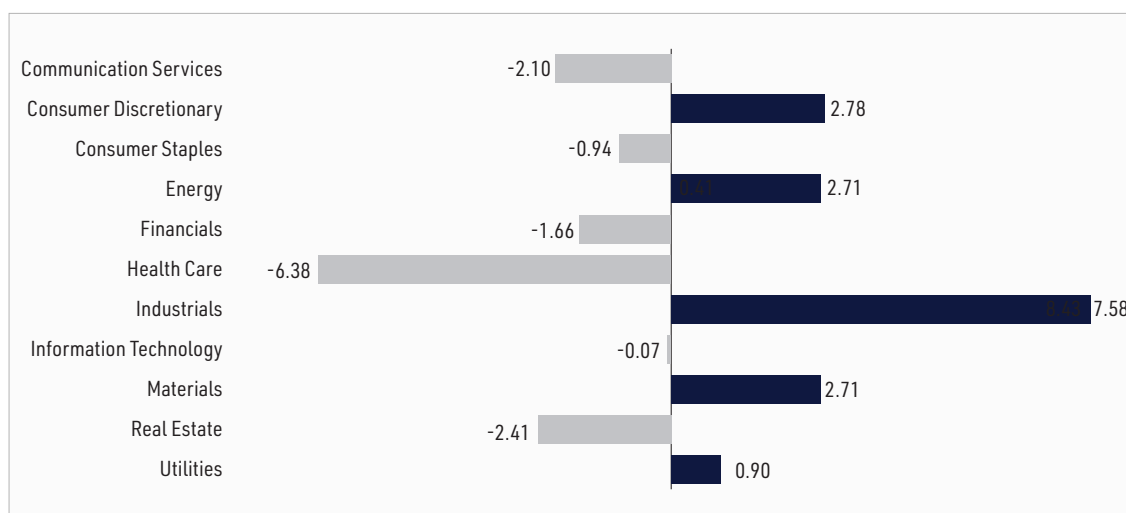


Source: Driehaus. Note: The sector attribution relative to benchmark for each MSCI/GICS Sector is equal to the sum of the individual Attribution Effects for that MSCI/GICS Sector. This exhibit is ex-cash. The cash weighting at 6/30/2025 was 0.82%.

Strategy Overview and Positioning

The largest overweights in the portfolio in the June quarter were to the Industrials and Energy sectors. The largest underweights during the June quarter were to Health Care and Financials. The biggest shift in the portfolio during the quarter was an increase in the active weight in Industrials and a decrease in the active weight in Health Care. Detailed information about sector performance is below in Exhibit 4.

Exhibit 4: Change in Relative Weight



Driehaus. Note: Change in relative weight is the difference between the change in ending weight from the previous quarter. This exhibit is ex-cash. The cash weighting at 6/30/2025 was 0.82%.

### Sectors contributing positively to returns during the quarter (in order of relative impact):

#### Industrials

Industrials added 229 basis points on a relative basis and 589 basis points in absolute terms, with our holdings gaining 30.8% versus 17.9% for the index. Our exposure to the sector increased from 16.4% to 22.2% versus 19.0% for the index. Our holdings saw strength in several sub-industries with attractive themes, including commercial aerospace, commercial services, nuclear infrastructure, traditional infrastructure, engineering & construction, and AI data centres.

#### Financials

Financials contributed 128 basis points on a relative basis for the quarter and added 220 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings gained 30.8% versus a gain of 12.0% for the index. We saw strength in specialty insurance, a broker, fintech, and a BNPL (Buy Now Pay Later) vendor. We decreased our exposure from 7.8% to 7.4%, while maintaining an underweight versus an index weight of 11.9%.

#### Energy

The Energy sector contributed 121 basis points in relative returns and added 101 basis points in absolute terms. Our energy stocks gained 20.1% versus a decline of 6.4% for the index. We increased our exposure from 4.6% to 5.2%, an overweight versus 2.0% for the index. We hold natural gas levered exploration and production companies, as well as companies exposed to oilfield services and uranium mining.

#### Materials

The Materials sector contributed 34 basis points on a relative basis and added 88 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings gained 18.8% versus a gain of 8.5% for the index. We increased our exposure from 3.2% to 4.6%, an overweight versus 2.1% for the index. We have exposure to companies in specialty metals, precious metals, and fertilizers.

#### Consumer Discretionary

Consumer Discretionary contributed 25 basis points on a relative basis and 218 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings appreciated 13.9% versus a gain of 11.7% for the index. We increased our sector exposure from 13.3% to 16.2%, maintaining an overweight versus 14.1% for the index. Our holdings saw positive performance in specialty retail, leisure, restaurants, and gaming related industries.

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## Health Care

Health Care contributed 11 basis points on a relative basis and added 48 basis points on an absolute basis. Our holdings gained 3.8% versus a gain of 3.2% for the index. Health Care materially lagged relative to other major sectors within the benchmark.

We decreased our exposure to Health Care from 23.6% to 16.0% during the quarter, versus 20.4% for the index. That reduction in exposure occurred in biotech and medical devices. The portfolio finished the quarter equalweight biotech & pharma, and slightly overweight medical devices and underweight the other healthcare sub-industries. The reduction in exposure was primarily due to weak relative strength within the sector and more attractive bottom-up and thematic opportunities in other sectors in our view.

While the Health Care sector has begun to recover since the April 9<sup>th</sup> market low, for the quarter the sector did experience multiple compression due to lingering concerns about the appointment of RFK Jr (Robert F Kennedy Jr) as the Secretary of Health and Human Services as well as new leadership at the FDA. The threat of sectorial tariffs and pricing controls via an MFN (Most Favoured Nation) policy also weighed on the sector. While we do not believe these concerns will have an impact on the drug approval timelines or commercial sales prospects for our holdings, they did depress the recent price action. As we detailed in our commentary last quarter, we have spoken with the management teams of our holdings, and they consistently continue to reiterate that they are having very normal dialogue and communications with the FDA with no suggestion of a slowdown or delays.

Biotech/pharma detracted 22 basis points in relative terms and 16 basis points in absolute terms for the quarter. Our biotech positions gained 2.9% versus a gain of 3.6% for the index.

We remain encouraged fundamentally as we believe our biotech holdings have very promising and innovative clinical stage therapies demonstrating superior efficacy and safety in important disease indications, such as epilepsy, endocrinology, diabetes, neurology, autoimmune diseases, and oncology. We anticipate promising results from upcoming clinical trials and continued strength for products with recent commercial launches.

## Communication Services

Communications Services contributed 9 basis points in relative terms and 34 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings gained 10.4% versus a gain of 7.8% for the index. Our exposure to the sector went from 4.1% to 2.7% during the quarter, an overweight versus 2.5% for the index. We saw gains from a media company and a video game publisher.

## Information Technology

Information Technology contributed 6 basis points on a relative basis and 308 basis points in absolute performance. Entering the June quarter, concerns surrounding DeepSeek and tariffs were massive overhangs which left many small cap tech stocks in downtrends and well off their 2024 highs. However, the tech sector recovered sharply during the quarter, largely reversing the losses it experienced during the March quarter as positive news surrounding AI and data centre capex continued and Trump pushed out the reciprocal tariff for 90 days.

When DeepSeek debuted on January 27<sup>th</sup> the market was extremely concerned that tech companies benefitting from the strong AI infrastructure capex trends would be negatively impacted going forward as capex trends would decelerate and disappoint market expectations. The reaction in AI infrastructure stocks was severe. Specifically, AI infrastructure stocks held in the portfolio as DeepSeek debuted fell 66% on average from January 27<sup>th</sup> to the April 9<sup>th</sup> market low. We aggressively reduced our exposure to the AI infrastructure stocks in late January and in February. These stocks continued to steadily decline from mid-February into early April as high tariff rates became a second major concern.

As the AI stocks began to bottom and recover in April, we began to re-initiate positions in many of these same AI infrastructure stocks at prices generally lower than where we reduced and sold the positions in the first quarter. We were frequently asked by investors after DeepSeek debuted if we believed the AI infrastructure theme was over. At the

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time we did believe the theme was over for the time being – the group did correct by 2/3<sup>rd</sup>s on average. But we also had conviction that the AI infrastructure group could recover if it became clear that consensus earnings estimates were still conservative for the second half of 2025 and 2026 and if it were clear that AI capex trends would remain strong.

The main market concern after DeepSeek debuted was that AI capex trends would slow and disappoint. AI sceptics expected AI and data centre capital expenditures to slow, with cuts likely as LLMs become cheaper to develop. On the other hand, AI bulls believed Jevon's paradox and many new AI applications would continue to drive strong AI capex trends. We continue to believe the hyperscalers remain in a competitive AI battle against each other and view AI as an opportunity and an existential threat. From this perspective, it is critical that the hyperscalers continue to spend and increase the IQ of their AI offerings.

During the June quarter, it became evident that the growth in AI use cases, and the productivity and efficiency gains from AI are becoming massive. These factors are driving continued strong gains in AI capex and new data centre demand. Our review of recent quarterly earnings reports and our many conversations with AI infrastructure companies in the technology and industrials sectors supports the view that AI infrastructure demand is robust and forward earnings estimates are conservative. As a result, during the quarter we increased our exposure to companies benefiting from the AI data centre buildout.

Our tech holdings gained 17.8% compared to a gain of 17.1% for the index's tech holdings. We increased our exposure to the sector from 15.7% to 19.6% during the quarter, an underweight versus the benchmark's 22.3% weighting. The strategy is overweight semiconductors, equalweight electronic equipment, overweight telco equipment, and underweight software.

#### **Sectors detracting from relative returns during the quarter (in order of relative impact):**

##### **Consumer Staples**

Consumer Staples detracted 72 basis points in relative terms and 2 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings declined 0.6% versus a gain of 10.7% for the index. We reduced our exposure from 5.3% to 4.4% during the quarter, an overweight versus 3.3% for the index. Our holdings saw gains in a specialty grocer and a specialty beverage company, offset by a decline in two other specialty beverage companies.

##### **Real Estate**

Real Estate detracted 36 basis points in relative terms and 32 basis points in absolute terms. Our holdings declined 16.6% versus a gain of 0.6% for the index. We reduced our exposure from 2.0% to 0.3% during the quarter, an underweight versus 2.0% for the index. Our holdings saw declines in a real estate broker and a real estate software company.

## **| Outlook & Positioning**

Looking ahead into the second half of 2025, the market outlook will still be influenced by the final outcome of Trump's tariff and trade policies. The market is assuming 10% baseline tariffs, with higher rates for countries with larger trade surpluses or links to China (such as the recent 20% rate applied to Vietnam) and then the highest rates for China. While not ideal in economic terms, the market has concluded the U.S. economy can continue to grow and avoid a recession with 10-20% tariff rates for most trade partners. In early July, Trump threatened to impose higher tariff rates on several key countries. So, uncertainty and volatility will continue though the market has learned to take his comments with a grain of salt. In simple terms, tariff rates above 10-20% will be a headwind to growth and will add to uncertainty and volatility of the market in the near term.

So, while future tariff rates are not certain, if 10-20% is the average tariff rate going forward, economic and earnings growth can continue to expand. Current economic trends are mixed but trending positively as the Atlanta Fed GDPNow indicator is currently at 2.6% and above most forecasts. The odds of a recession are low. For instance, the Coincident

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Economic Indicators continue to hit new highs. There are several factors that suggest positive economic growth ahead:

- The labour market remains resilient. AI, DOGE cuts, immigration policy and tariffs were all expected to be reasons the labour markets would weaken. The labour market will be the key indicator to watch for initial economic weakness. Indeed, continuing jobless claims have risen as has the unemployment rate for recent graduates. However, the June unemployment rate fell to 4.1% as new job creation and initial jobless claims continue to come in below expectations. Wage gains have been positive, and layoffs remain low. The impact of AI on employment is a risk that needs to be monitored carefully.
- AI and data centre capex continues to be a source of economic growth as hundreds of billions are being spent on new data centres.
- AI is expected to drive productivity and efficiency gains which will be positive for earnings and economic growth.
- Reshoring and infrastructure continue to be sources of economic growth.
- Inflation data continues to trend favourably below expectations. The price of crude oil also remains relatively low. AI is generally expected to be a source of disinflation.
- The Federal Reserve continues to lean dovish. The Fed Funds Futures market is currently calling for more than two rate cuts by the Fed in the second half of 2025.
- The so-called Big Beautiful Bill has passed (the new federal budget). It should serve as a powerful fiscal stimulus for the economy. It extends the 2027 tax cuts. Importantly, for now, treasury yields have reacted favourably to the passage of the bill.
- As the above factors increase the odds of sustained economic growth, earnings growth should continue to trend positively.

Other key favourable market variables to consider:

- The dollar has seen its largest decline in over 30 years and while the implications of a weaker dollar are certainly varied and mixed, it should be a boost for U.S. exports and overall corporate earnings.
- The corporate deal market is strong. IPOs are finally back. Recent IPOs have been well received with several achieving strong price gains which should encourage additional IPOs in the coming months. M&A also appears to be picking up. Many other companies are raising capital via secondary and follow-on offerings.
- High yield spreads are favourable and historically this is a good indicator for risk and favourable for the small cap universe.
- Market breadth has widened with both the NYSE and Nasdaq advance-decline lines making new highs.
- The Citi economic surprise index and earnings revisions have turned positive recently.
- Smaller caps have outperformed since the April 9<sup>th</sup> bottom. This is historically consistent with other key market bottoms.
- Small caps continue to trade at a deep discount to large caps.
- AI should continue to be a source of economic growth and improving productivity and efficiency. AI is a powerful and transformative source of technological change.

Sources of risk and uncertainty:

- Uncertainty surrounding Trump's trade and tariff policy.
- Potential higher tariff rates impacting the economy and inflation readings.
- China-US trade negotiations and supply of rare earth elements.
- Trump threatening Fed Chair Powell.
- Geopolitical risks.
- Treasury yields are now trending lower, but higher yields and concern about fiscal deficits remain a key risk.
- Risk of job displacement and lack of hiring due to AI.

Overall, we view the outlook for the second half to be favourable for equities. The outlook depends on a stable and favourable tariff policy outlook. Assuming trade agreements are reached that yield tariff rates of 10-20%, we believe economic growth will continue and as a result earnings growth will continue to expand. Fiscal and monetary policy are

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powerful tailwinds for equities. Additionally, there are many strong themes and individual companies with favourable outlooks. The IPO and M&A outlooks are improving as the deal calendar has opened up. Valuations for small caps continue to sit well below that of large caps.

In terms of portfolio positioning, we have an attractive mix of growth companies. By sector, Industrials is our largest absolute weight, followed by Technology, Health Care, Consumer Discretionary, Financials, and Energy. On a relative basis, the strategy is overweight Industrials, Energy, Consumer Discretionary, Technology, and Consumer Staples. The strategy is underweight Financials, Communication Services, and Health Care.

### Quarterly Contributors

**Axon Enterprise Inc (AXON)** manufactures tasers, body cameras, and backend software for law enforcement, military, and corrections/consumer markets. During 2Q25, AXON reported March quarter revenue and earnings per share that exceeded consensus expectations by 3% and 11% respectively and saw future contracted revenues increase 41% year-over-year to \$9.9B. As a result, AXON's stock performed strongly and was a top contributor during 2Q25.

**Robinhood Markets, Inc. (HOOD)** is a financial services platform, which engages in the provision of retail brokerage and offers trading in U.S. listed stocks and Exchange Traded Funds, related options, and cryptocurrency trading, as well as cash management, which includes debit cards services. HOOD has been implementing more services and features like retirement account management and cryptocurrency staking, which is one of many reasons why the stock performed well during the quarter.

### Quarterly Detractors

**BellRing Brands, Inc. (BRBR)** engages in the provision of ready-to-drink (RTD) protein shakes, other RTD beverages, powders, and nutrition bars. BRBR was a top detractor after the company guided for weaker 2Q25 revenue due to inventory reductions at a large customer.

**Compass Inc Class A (COMP)** is the largest real estate brokerage in the United States by sales volume. The stock was pressured as existing home sales activity remained sluggish during the quarter due to elevated interest rates, creating downside risk to estimates. We exited the position as a result.

### Outright Buy

**Credo Technology Group Holding Ltd. (CRDO)** develops connectivity solutions and products for the datacentre infrastructure market. We initiated a position as the company's Active Electrical Cable (AEC) product was experiencing growing adoption among hyperscalers, with several new customers expected to each account for over 10% of revenue, presenting potential upside to consensus estimates.

**Comfort Systems USA, Inc. (FIX)** provides heating, ventilation, and air conditioning services to the United States commercial, industrial, and institutional markets. During 1Q25, many datacentre-related stocks sold off due fears that DeepSeek would have on capital investments. Once these fears appeared to be overblown and after a strong 1Q25 earnings report, the strategy initiated a position in FIX.

### Outright Sell

**Elastic NV (ESTC)** is a data analytics company, which engages in the provision of open-source search and analytics engine services. We sold the position in 2Q25 as the company guided fiscal year 2026 revenues 1% below consensus expectations as macro pressures continue to weigh on consumption patterns at enterprise customers, overwhelming early GenAI related tailwinds.

**DocuSign, Inc. (DOCU)** provides digital solutions for managing agreements, including electronic signatures and contract lifecycle management, enabling organizations to securely prepare, sign, and manage agreements. We sold the position

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in 2Q25 as the company reported 1Q25 revenues 1% higher, but with billings, an important leading indicator, 1% below expectations as the company noted a lower amount of early renewals due to macro headwinds overwhelming positive GenAI related tailwinds seen with its IAM product suite.

Sincerely,

***Heptagon Capital and Driehaus Capital Management***

Annualized Total Returns

	Q2 25	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year
Driehaus US SMID Strategy	15.2%	3.2%	15.3%	11.7%
Russell 2500 Growth Index NR	11.3%	8.6%	11.8%	7.3%

Source: Factset Research Systems, Inc.  
Fund performance prior to 31st December 2024 relates to the Driehaus Small/Mid Cap Growth Composite (net of fees), thereafter, it relates to the UCITS Fund (IE00015RG3B8, net of fees in USD).

The views expressed represent the opinions of Driehaus Capital Management, as 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025, are not intended as a forecast or guarantee of future results, and are subject to change without notice.

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The Fund is subject to special risk considerations including geographic concentration risk, portfolio concentration risk and operational risk. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that the investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Any investor should consider the investment objectives, risks and charges and expenses of the fund carefully before investing. Where an investment is denominated in a currency other than the investor's currency, changes in rates of exchange may have an adverse effect on the value, price of, or income derived from the investment.

## I SFDR

This Fund has been classified as an Article 8 for the purposes of the EU's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ('SFDR'). The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics but does not have sustainable investment as its primary objective. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance assets that are qualified as sustainable according to EU classifications but does not place significantly higher importance on the environmental objective of each underlying investment. Please see [Prospectus](#) for further information on the Funds environmental and/or social characteristics and relevant sustainability risks and principal adverse impacts which may impact the Fund's performance.

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<https://www.heptagon-capital.com/glossary>

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